CEBM Trajectory during class time - **ELEMENTARY LEVEL**

To counter having students sent to the principal's office for 'minor occurrences' related to the classroom rules or the school code of conduct, CEBM has created this Pyramid of Interventions to guide you in the trajectory of progressive measures within a school setting. When handling minor and major occurrences, keep in mind the student's developmental level, history, and individual differences. Please consult your board guidelines and policies, as well as your school protocols and safety plans.

Tier 1 Universal Practices for the whole class group

At Tier 1, the school staff must give priority to preventative measures.

Creating an environment, which is inclusive and developmentally appropriate, that helps students feel safe and supported in their individual needs and differences.

Building a connection with each student and deepening their attachments to increase their engagement and receptivity to the adults in charge.

Handling minor occurrences (e.g., dress code, being late, no materials, work refusal, disturbing in class, talking back, profanity, etc.) in a dignified way within the context of the classroom by the teacher. Not making the behaviour the bottom line; letting the student know the relationship is intact. Repeated minor occurrences may require further investigation and follow-up with the student.

In the event of a <u>major occurrence</u> which has become a safety issue (e.g., serious verbal threat, physical attack, fight, possession of a weapon, bullying, destruction of property, etc.), using <u>de-escalation techniques</u> if needed, referring the student to a support staff for a check-in (as a first step), and keeping the administration in the loop (consult your school protocols).

Consulting the list of universal practices for ideas.

Reviewing the list of considerations at Tier 1 to reflect on where you are situated in the trajectory.

Tier 2 Targeted Practices for the challenging students

At Tier 2, the school staff are setting up measures (in addition to Tier 1) for some students in the group who require further support and accompaniment in the classroom (could be done in small groups).

Compensating for the student's challenges by providing the conditions they need to be successful.

Coming alongside the student's emotions and acting as a co-regulator.

Handling <u>minor occurrences</u> with understanding and consideration on the part of the teacher (not taking it personally), by providing support measures in the classroom or hallway, and if needed, requesting the help of a support staff (with the intention of a prompt return to the classroom). Repeated minor occurrences may lead to exploring the need to create an action plan for the student.

In the event of a <u>major occurrence</u>, using de-escalation techniques if needed, referring the student to a support staff or a designated adult for a check-in (as a first step), and keeping the administration in the loop (consult your school protocols).

Consulting the <u>list of targeted practices</u> for ideas.

Reviewing the list of considerations at Tier 2 to reflect on where you are situated in the trajectory.

Tier 3 Individualized Practices for the highly challenging students

At Tier 3, the school staff are setting up measures (in addition to Tiers 1-2) for few students in the group who require more intensive/individualized support and accompaniment in the classroom (to be done one-to-one).

Developing an action plan for that student and collaborating/communicating with all adults involved.

Providing times and spaces for the student to have breaks and/or to release pent-up emotion.

Handling <u>minor occurrences</u> by following the recommendations included in the student's action plan or IEP (by the teacher), or if needed, requesting the help of a designated adult at an alternate location (e.g., Nurturing Support Centre, Emotions Room), with the intention of an eventual return to the classroom. Making sure to follow up and repair any potential fallouts due to the situation at hand. Repeated minor occurrences may lead to making potential changes to the student's action plan and investigating the need for more intensive measures.

In the event of a <u>major occurrence</u>, following the recommendations included in the student's action plan or IEP for de-escalation, referring them to a designated adult, such as a Technician in the NSC, for a check-in (as a first step), and keeping the administration in the loop (consult your school protocol).

Consulting the <u>list of individualized practices</u> for ideas.

Reviewing the list of considerations at Tier 3 to reflect on where you are situated in the trajectory.



CEBM Pyramid of Interventions in the classroom – ELEMENTARY LEVEL

TIER 1 – UNIVERSAL practices that benefit the whole group within the classroom

Being intentional in the set-up of the classroom to benefit the students' focus and sensory experience

Teacher greeting and engaging their students individually and as a group (in morning, following a transition)

Well established <u>structures</u> and <u>routines</u> (e.g. morning arrival, independent work time & asking for help, transitions and moving in the classroom, school supplies, seating arrangements, etc.)

Introduce and model the expected classroom behaviours. <u>Visuals</u> to cue desired behaviors (e.g. poster of classroom rules, visual calendar, pre-determined hand signals for communication, homework/assignment turn-in trays with labels, etc.)

<u>Differentiated pedagogy</u> (e.g. use of technology), inclusive practices (e.g. honouring neurodiversity), and incorporation of shorter work periods, especially for longer and more complex assignments

In-class opportunities to work on cross-competency <u>soft skills</u> (e.g. stress management, communication, interpersonal skills, conflict management, etc.) and to build <u>emotional literacy</u> by reflecting and modeling them

<u>Alternate seating</u> options – different items to sit on or sit in (e.g. yoga ball, wobble stool, Ergo-Ergo seat, desk cycle, stretchy band for feet, disc-o-sit, etc.) – its use needs to be introduced (how it's a supporting tool, not a toy)

<u>Alternate workstation</u> options – different locations within the classroom for students to work (e.g. standing table, working on the floor with a clipboard, etc.)

<u>Brain break activities</u> built-in to the students' daily schedule with a variety of high level and low level energy activities to suit all student needs (e.g. desk drumming, fitness drills, breathing & stretching, Just Dance, Go Noodle, etc.)

Individual <u>"Quiet Time" activities</u> (e.g. fine motor activities, sketching, mandalas/coloring pages, Search'N Find, mazes, connect the dots, find the differences, etc.)

<u>Emotional release activities</u> with the whole group or with smaller groups, so as to release emotions (e.g. Draw the Music, Frustration Monster, etc.) – this includes an emotional literacy component to help students identify and name emotions

<u>Designated area</u> for students to retreat to within the classroom when a break is needed from the group and/or their work – its use needs to be introduced (how it's a supporting tool, not a time for free play)

<u>Community projects</u> (1-3 per classroom) Puzzles, building game (e.g. Lego, maze building, mural weaving)

Increased opportunities to be outdoors – structured games, learning times, play

Staff involved at T1: Teachers, Support Staff, and all staff during school-wide events.

* Parents are informed of measures in place prior to moving on to Tier 2 practices



Considerations prior to moving from Tier 1 to Tier 2 Interventions When faced with a student who is struggling in class: ☐ Have two <u>universal practices</u> suggested in the Tier 1 of the CEBM Pyramid of Interventions Continue with document been implemented? current practices If the student responds If the student doesn't respond ☐ Has the student's confidential file been looked at to see whether there are reports with recommendations (is the student coded)? ☐ Have other staff members, who have worked with the student, been consulted? What has been successful in the past? Possible triggers? Valuing a safe and ☐ Has the same strategy been tried in different frequency and intensity? strong attachment ☐ intervention length to the adult as key ☐ group size during intervention to a successful ☐ number of intervention opportunities per week intervention. ☐ number of weeks implemented (exception: If an escalation/serious deterioration of behaviour is noted) ☐ Has the same strategy been tried at different times of the day or different days of the week? ☐ Has the same strategy been tried out in a variety of ways (varying the types of brain breaks from high to low intensity, type of flexible seating options, type of tools in the quiet corner, etc.)? ☐ Has the same strategy been tried out with the support/collaboration of another adult? ☐ Have other additional strategies been tried (at least Continue with 2 universal practices)? Repeat steps above. additional practices If the student responds If the student doesn't respond ☐ Has there been communication with the parents? ☐ Have other staff members in the school been consulted for guidance or ideas/inspiration? Reflecting on the strategies tried ☐ Analyzing the data collected (what doesn't work, Keeping a journal or a tracking triggers, patterns, etc.) log would help with the Remain at ☐ Reflecting on other possible strategies/supports reflective process as well as Tier 1 ensuring that the progression of intervention is being documented. If the student responds These steps are not meant to be prescriptive, nor necessarily

linear (it's not a one-size-fitsall) but they are suggestions to

best support the student.

Move to targeted Tier 2 Interventions

If the student doesn't respond

CEBM Pyramid of Interventions in the classroom – ELEMENTARY LEVEL

TIER 2 – TARGETED practices for <u>challenging students</u> who struggle in the classroom (situational or for a short period of time – student can handle small-group interventions)

* Benefit from interventions in Tier 1, but require additional measures to be successful in the classroom.

Systematic check-ins with a significant adult (beyond teacher greeting) at scheduled times

Targeted small-group <u>resource support</u> to meet specific academic and/or behavioural needs outlined in the Student Behaviour Action Plan

<u>Designated area</u> within the classroom **at scheduled times** (e.g. following transitions) – materials included in the designated area need to be tried out and adapted to benefit student needs

Assigned <u>preferential seating</u>, <u>alternate seating</u>, and <u>alternate workstation</u> – options need to be tried out to verify which one is better suited for the student needs

Scheduled <u>alternate classroom entrance and exit time</u> (e.g. 5 min before or after the bell) to help with transitions

Targeted movements break stations in the hallway and/or outside (in addition to classroom brain breaks) – type of movements (high vs low energy level) and frequency to suit the student's needs

Targeted scheduled time in another pre-determined supervised location:

- Pre-determined location for a break, for individual work completion or for intervention (e.g. resource room, technician room, designated helper in the school, etc.)
- Pre-determined times (the student is provided with a <u>visual schedule</u> to know when, where and for how long they will be in another location before returning to class)
- Pre-determined options of what can be brought and/or done in this location (<u>individual bin</u> with 2 projects and other helpful tools)

<u>You've Got Mail!</u> – intervention cards to provide movement as the student heads to a predetermined designated adult fulfills the requirements of the card and returns to their classroom.

Assigned Foster classroom – pre-arranged location with a significant adult where the student can take a break from their class group and focus on individual work or quiet activities

Targeted small-group emotion intervention opportunities led by the teacher and/or the support staff available. To assist students in naming and processing their big emotions (ex. use of emotion cards, children's books on emotions, *Emotions Folder*, *Squawk Box* – emotion accompaniment)

Targeted small-group accompaniment during transition times (e.g. supported recess/lunch)

<u>Communication</u> amongst all adults working with these students is key

Staff involved at T2: Teachers, Support Staff, Resource Teacher and any other school staff involved.

* Administration and Professionals/Consultants involved are kept in the loop. Further communication is taking place with the parents.



Considerations prior to moving from Tier 2 to Tier 3 Interventions When the student hasn't responded to the sequence of interventions in Tier 1: ☐ Have two targeted practices suggested in the Continue with Tier 1 of the CEBM Pyramid of Interventions current practices document been implemented? If the student responds If the student doesn't respond ☐ Similarly to the attempts in Tier 1, have the following been tried: □ varying the frequency and intensity? Valuing emotional adjusting the time of the day / day of the week? **expression** through ☐ adjusting the strategy (changing the assigned tool/resource or the scheduled time)? play as key to a ☐ Have targeted supports (flexible seating, quiet corner, movement break, etc.) been successful assigned and/or scheduled? intervention. ☐ Have supports with other pre-determined adults been put in place (student Check-In)? ☐ Have out-of-class short breaks (run an errand, movement station in the hallway, etc.) or small group supports (academic, emotional/behavioural) been implemented? ☐ Have out-of-class blocs of time been scheduled (Foster Class, Tech room, NSC)? ☐ Have supported recess (outdoor supervised activities) and sheltered lunch been considered? Have other additional strategies been tried? (at least 2-3 targeted practices)? Repeat steps above. Continue with ☐ Have the CEBM Student Challenge Placemats been consulted additional practices for additional ideas concerning more specific challenges (e.g. aggression, opposition, etc.)? If the student responds If the student doesn't respond ☐ Has there been further communication with the parents? ☐ Has the student been formally referred to the school team (Special Needs Committee, Interdisciplinary Team Meetings) using an AdHoc form? Has the board consultant/professional (or Resource Teacher) reviewed the **CEBM Intervention Planning** document for Tiers 1-2? Has a Student Behaviour Intervention/Action Plan been set up? Continue with additional practices If the student responds i If the student doesn't respond Keeping a journal or a tracking ☐ Has the school team reviewed the implementation of the log would help with the strategies proposed in the Student Behaviour Intervention/Action Plan? – ex. Project Harbour (floating team) reflective process as well as Has the school team considered formalizing the ensuring that the progression of Remain at Student Behaviour Intervention/Action Plan into intervention is being Individualized Education Plan (IEP)? Tier 2 documented. These steps are not meant to If the student responds be prescriptive, nor necessarily linear (it's not a one-size-fitsall) but they are suggestions to If the student doesn't respond best support the student. Move to individualized Tier 3 Interventions

CEBM Pyramid of Interventions in the classroom – ELEMENTARY LEVEL

TIER 3 – INDIVIDUALIZED practices for <u>highly challenging students</u> who struggle to stay within the classroom setting and with the requirements of school (chronic and ongoing – student requires one-to-one support)

* Benefit from interventions in Tiers 1-2, but require extended support to be successful in school.

Systematic Daily <u>check-ins</u> and <u>end-of-day recap</u> with a significant adult **scheduled multiple times each day**

Personalized one-to-one <u>resource support</u> to meet specific academic and/or behavioural needs outlined in IEP (e.g. *My IEP Tool Kit*) and/or Student Behaviour Action Plan

Personalized one-to-one movements break stations in the hallway and/or outside – type of movements (high vs low energy level) and frequency to suit the student's needs

Personalized adapted schedule in another <u>pre-determined supervised location</u> (or a part-time schedule for those who require it):

- o Alternative home-base (e.g. Nurturing Support Centre) during class time and/or transitions, additional Phys. Ed., etc.
- Visual schedule and <u>individual bin</u> that contains projects as well as materials to work towards student's IEP goals

Personalized one-to-one emotional interventions with a significant adult to assist in naming and processing their big emotions. Introduce a variety of avenues to help students express their emotions and providing additional outlets for physical release that will also be without consequences

Personalized one-to-one accompaniment during <u>transition times</u>. For example, at the buses, in the hallway, during recess and lunch (supported, extended or sheltered recess/lunch), heading to daycare, etc.

<u>Collaboration</u> (working as a team to share the weight) and <u>ongoing communication</u> amongst all adults working with these students is necessary

Staff involved at T3: Teachers, Support Staff, Resource Teacher, Administration, Professionals/Consultants assigned, any other school staff involved, and outside partners (if present).

* Ongoing communication is taking place with the parents.



Considerations prior to moving beyond Tier 3 Interventions When the student hasn't responded to the sequence of interventions in Tier 2: ☐ Have two individualized practices suggested in Continue with the Tier 1 of the CEBM Pyramid of Interventions current practices document been implemented? If the student responds If the student doesn't respond ☐ Similarly to the attempts in Tiers 1-2, have the following been tried: □ varying the frequency and intensity? Valuing co-regulation ☐ adjusting the time of the day / day of the week? and making room to adjusting the strategy according to the specific needs of the student? release emotions as key to a successful ☐ Have individualized supports (personal bin, personal choice board) been assigned and/or scheduled? intervention. ☐ Have the frequency and intensity of supports with other pre-determined adults (student Check-In, Nurturing Support Center) in the school been increased? ☐ Have the frequency and intensity of out-of-class breaks (attendant, adult in NSC) or one-to-one supports (academic, emotional/behavioural) been increased? ☐ Have sheltered recess and lunch (indoor supervised activities) been considered? ☐ Have other additional strategies been tried? Continue with (at least 2-3 individual practices)? Repeat steps above. additional practices If the student responds If the student doesn't respond ☐ If needed and available, has the school team requested an assessment from the board professional (e.g. Psychologist, Psychoeducator, Speech Keeping a journal Language Pathologist, Occupational Therapist, etc.)? or a tracking log ☐ If needed and available, has the school team assigned individual support would help with sessions from the board professional (e.g. SLP, Behaviour Consultant)? the reflective ☐ Has the school team considered an adapted schedule process as well as Continue with (additional phys. Ed., some classes in the NSC) or a reverse ensuring that the additional integration model (using the NSC as the student's main hub)? practices progression of intervention is being documented. NO If the student responds If the student doesn't respond These steps are not meant to be prescriptive, nor necessarily linear ☐ Has the school team reviewed the CEBM Intervention (it's not a one-size-fits-all) but they **Planning** document for Tier 3? ☐ Has the school team requested support from outside are suggestions to best support the services (DYP, CISS, medical, psychological)? student. ☐ Setting up an Inter-Agency Individualized Plan (PSI/PSII)? Requesting a consultation with CEBM? * Measures beyond school-level Has the school team considered a part-time Remain at schedule (morning period only, just core classes)? Tier 3 interventions can include, but Tier 3 are not limited to, a referral for: Regional program (low ratio class) Homebound tutoring If the student responds • Outside services (e.g. CISSS centres et points de service en jeunesse, community respite centre, child psychiatry day programs) If the student doesn't respond

Move beyond* Tier 3 school-level interventions